Estimated COVID-19 vaccines administered by race/ethnicity



| Race/Ethnicity | Total 1 st doses | % of 1st doses | % 1 st dose population coverage | Population Coverage (1 st dose) |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| Latinx | 25,571 | 19.9% (17% as of prior week) | 3.3% | 1 in 30 (1 in 45 prior week) |
| Black, Non-Latinx | 24,586 | 19.0% (15% as of prior week) | 3.2% | 1 in 31 (1 in 53 prior week) |
| White, Non-Latinx | 64,312 | 49.7% (53% as of prior week) | 7.1% | 1 in 14 (1 in 18 prior week) |
| Asian, Non-Latinx | 14,363 | 11.1% (14% as of prior week) | 7.8% | 1 in 13 (1 in 18 prior week) |
| Unknown | 19,679 | 13.2% | | |
| Chicago | 149,079 | 100% | 5.5% | 1 in 18 |

As of January 30, 2021, 79% of all vaccination records received by the Chicago Department of Public Health (CDPH) were missing race/ethnicity. CDPH in collaboration with DePaul University Center for Data Science utilized a validated statistical methodology, known as the Bayesian Improved Surname Geocoding Method (BISG), to impute (predict) the race/ethnicity among those missing, based on the zipcode of residence and the surname (last name) of individuals whose COVID-19 vaccination records were missing race/ethnicity. This method was able to predict over 83% of missing data. More information about the methodology can be found here. The numbers in the above table reflect estimated percentages based on cumulative doses administered to Chicago residents as of 1/30/21. Race-ethnicity derived from data imputation inherently have a level of uncertainty and are not intended to substitute for an individual's self-reported identification. Imputation is intended as an activity to help the health department and stakeholders better understand and enhance the progress in COVID-19 vaccination efforts citywide. All activities were classified as health surveillance and all procedures for performing BISG data imputation underwent institutional review and approval.

Data represents COVID-19 vaccinations administered to Chicago residents based on home address, as reported by medical providers in Illinois Comprehensive Automated Immunization Registry Exchange (I-CARE). The site of vaccination may not be in the City of Chicago. Percentages reported exclude those still unknown after BISG imputation. All data are provisional and subject to change.